TIMES AND GAZETTE.

REDWOOD CITY, SATURDAY, APRIL 30.

T. M. COOK, - - EDITOR AND MANAGER.

Newspaper Decisions.

1. Subscribers who do not give express notice to the contrary, are considered as wishing to continue their subscription.
2. If subscribers wish their papers discontinued, publishers may continue to send them until charges are paid.
3. If subscribers neglect or refuse to take their papers from the office or place to which they are sent, they are held responsible until they settle their bills and give due notice to discontinue.
4. If subscribers move to other places without informing the publisher, and the paper is sent to the former direction, they are held responsible. Notice should always be given of the removal.
5. Any person who takes a paper regularly from the Post Office—whether directed to his name or anothers, whether he has subscribed or not—is responsible for the payment.
6. The courts have decided that refusing to take a paper from the office, or removing and leaving it uncalled for prima facie evidence of intentional fraud.
7. Persons who permit a paper to be eft on their premises by carrier regularly, and do not give explicit notice that they do not want it, are presumed to be subscribers; and the law will compel them to pay for the paper.

REMEMBER that the municipal election of Redwood City occurs *next Monday*, May 2d, and not on Tuesday as repeatedly announced by another paper for some mysterious purpose. Be not decived to the loss of your vote.

IN issuing their call for the municipal election to be held next Monday the Town Trustees made a mistake in including the office of Police Justice among those to be filled. The Charter fixes the term of office of Police Justice at two years, and as R. C. Welch was elected only one year ago there is now no vacancy in that office, and, of course, no such officer to be elected.

PRESS telegrams from Washington assert that it is decided that the first executive business in the Senate will be consideration of the Chinese treaties, in order that they may be ratified and accepted in the time limited by their terms. But the question is when will the first executive session be held? If the Senate has to wait until George C. Gorham is elected Secretary it may be a long time.

A WASHINGTON correspondent is anxious least all the six per cent bonds should be presented for continuance at three and a half per cent, and that "the Secretary of the Treasury will be sorely troubled for means to spend the surplus revenue which will accumulate." Well, we'll volunteer to take care of his surplus if he can't find any other way to dispose of it. But how about the five per cents?

THE report that the Atchison and Topeka Railroad folks have purchased the South Pacific Coast Railroad for their San Francisco terminous is authoritively denied. The Atchison and Topeka is going into San Francisco direct, and along this peninsula, and don't let that fact be forgotten. Our coast friends need not be alarmed. Their railroad is surely coming; and coming rapidly, too. And it will be a big line, and no small side show leading no-where in particular.

Go to the polls next Monday and vote for good men for town officers. The town needs good men for its rulers. Let us elevate the municipality above the rule of the brainless set who pay taxes on a bull pup and personal property yielding fifteen cents a year to the public treasury. If we would see life and activity and enterprise and prosperity in the town these small men must be sent to the rear and some encouragement given to men of brains and energy and business capacity and go-ahead-ativeness to take the lead.

The Senate Judiciary Committee has instructed its sub-committee on Bankruptcy, Ingalls, McMillan and Garfield, to address a letter to gentleman familar with the subject, with a view of ascertaining whether it is the opinion of the business interests of the country that another National Bankruptcy law should be enacted; secondly, to invite practical suggestions as to the best methods for remedying acknowledged defects in former laws relative to delay in the distribution of an estate, the consumption of assets in extravagant fees and costs, etc. The subcommittee expect to report some measures to the full committee early in December.

SINCE THE TIMES AND GAZETTE exposed the true inwardness of the reports concerning the seaworthy condition of the *Mary and Helen*, the steamer purchased by the Government to go in search of the exploring expedition in the *Jeannette*, we have heard no more of the rotten condition of that craft and the fabulous sums it would require to put her in condition for the duty. The navy yard ring and the corps of land sharks that live by robbing the government in all work done at Mare Island have wisely concluded to keep their unclean paws off the *Mary and Helen*, and there is now a prospect that she will be fitted out and started on her humane expedition within a reasonable time and at a moderate cost.

A DISGRACEFUL MESS.

Outside of the long-continued dead-lock in the United States Senate, which is maintained for reasons of the basest political character, and which is beginning to develope a feud between the Republican Senators and the administration, there is not peace and good feeling in the national capitol even within the ranks of the dominant party. The iniquities of the contract bureau of the Postoffica Department, which led to the enforced resignation of Gen. Brady, Second Assistant Postmaster General and Chief of the contract office, has led to a bitter controversy between a widely extended ring of political cormorants and the administration. The ramifications of this ring are as intricate as the arms of the octopus, and involve all departments of political life and action. Brady is the principal owner of the *Washington Republican* newspaper, established as the official organ of the Republican party. George C. Gorham is editor of the *Republican*. George C. Gorham is the particular friend of Senator Mahone, of Virginia, and his candidate for Secretary of the Senate. The appointment of Gorham to that position is a part of the consideration promised Mahone for his vote by which the Republicans were enabled to tie the Democrats in the Senate, and with the aid of the casting vote of the Vice President, secure the reconstruction of the Standing Committees with Republican chairmen and majorities. Mahone will not now drop Gorham, and the Democrats are not willing to consent to his election as Secretary. The Republicans will not go into executive session for the ratification of the Chinese treaties and the confirmation of the President's nominations until they have elected a new set of officers with the Secretary at the head, and Mahone will not permit of any candidate for Secretary but Gorham.

Thus we begin to see how this inter-party fight interlaces and involves all departments of the General Government, and completely blocks the wheels of government. We are told that in the city of Washington criminal processes cannot be served because there is no Marshal to serve them; there can be no Marshal until the Senate goes into executive session and confirms the President's nominee. The Chinese treaties cannot be acted upon for the same reason. Some of our Foreign Ministers have resigned and are anxious to get home, but cannot leave their distant posts until their successors are confirmed by the Senate, which cannot take action until Gorham secures his election as Secretary. Everything turns on Gorham. Even the President and his administration are insignificant in comparison with Gorham. All the affairs of the Republic wait on this miserable traitor to the Republican party.

And now see how this precious scheme operates. Brady, as mentioned above, was compelled to withdraw from the Postoffice Department because of the discovery of practices in his department of the service, and under his direct supervision, which would have put Boss Tweed to the blush in the palmiest days of the Tammany ring. To save himself from further disgrace and criminal prosecution Brady turns on the President and threatens to publish what he claims to be a letter in his possession from Garfield when the latter was a candidate for President, asking for contributions from the Star route contractors for campaign purposes. Gorham, Brady's hired man, brings out the threat in the Republican organ in the shape of a hint, as follows: "Would the President have advised that the star route contractors be asked for money during the Presidential campaign?" Outside of the newspaper Brady and his friends are loudly claiming that they have a letter from Garfield asking for such contributions. On the other hand the President claims that Brady wrote to him when a candidate offering to raise $25,000 from these contractors for campaign purposes, but that he declined the offer.

To analyse this mass of political entanglement and confusion, not to say corruption, the first point is found in the attempted reorganization of the Senate, when Mahone, a Rebel Brigadier, was found to be a purchasable element. His vote would enable the Republicans to control the Senate. Mahone made his terms and has since voted with the Republicans, and the Republicans with him. His bargain was negotiated by George C. Gorham, who adroitly secured the incorporation of a condition that he, Gorham, should be made Secretary of the Senate. And now we see the Republican side of the United States Senate actually led by a Rebel Brigadier, and one who secured his position by undeniable purchase, selling himself outright and turning traitor to the traditional political tenets which he held for a life-time, for which he fought, and on which he was made a Senator.

Then we see the whole force of the Republican side of the Senate gathered around and sustaining, even to the point of stopping the whole government machinery, this man Gorham, who two years ago betrayed his party in this State and headed the opposition; and who is at this moment engaged in a shameful warefare upon the President so recently elected by Republican votes.

The only bright feature discoverable is the determined attitude of the Administration in seeking to drive corruption from high places, purify the public service and save the country from eternal disgrace and ruin. That in such a noble effort the active sympathy and co-operation of the Republican side of the Senate is not enlisted is plainly due to the fact that the two traitors—Mahone and Gorham—have succeeded in effectually binding them hand and foot, and now exact the full letter of the bond before they will unloose a single fetter.

NO WILD CAT WANTED.

It is reported that Miller, Rowley & Co., are busy in the City organizing a joint stock company to prosecute the work of mining at Redwood City under the contract that firm secured from the Town Trustees. We trust they will be successful in their efforts, secure all the capital they need, and set in operation an enterprise that will give employment to scores and hundreds of laborers in our midst. The town needs something of that kind to preserve it from positive stagnation.

At the same time we sincerely trust that Messrs. Miller, Rowley & Co., will invite no capital here under false pretenses. Mystery and deception seem to be almost necessary features of mining operations; at least the practice of those arts in connection with the development of mines is almost as universal as it is reprehensible. We do not pretend to say that Messrs. Miller, Rowley & Co., intend anything of the kind, and merely venture the suggestion on the possibility that they may. THE TIMES AND GAZETTE has been particularly anxious that their operations here should prove successful; has given them every encouragement, and has devoted a good deal more space to reports of their proceedings and prospects than even their own paper has done. But since they concluded their prospecting operations we have had no satisfactory information of the results obtained, and do not desire to be held responsible for any representations that may be made regarding the value or extent of the mineral deposit. We know nothing about it, and have been able to find out nothing. For ought we know to the contrary, or for ought the town authorities or any citizen of Redwood City knows, the town may be founded on a vast bed of gold and silver ore of fabulous richness. At the same time there has as yet no evidence been given to any citizen or to anybody in authority here that there is any considerable quantity of pay ore anywhere in this region. Messrs. Miller, Rowley & Co., during their recent operations here, carefully guarded their borings and reamings, and permitted nobody to secure a scrap of the rock taken out even as large as a pea. More than this, while they scrupulously gathered and retained every minute fragment of rock, ostensibly for assaying purposes, they have given no intimation to anybody in this region of the result of such assays. They have now pulled up and removed their machinery; restored the boring to its original use as an artesian well; ceased all work in our midst, and, as mentioned above, are reported to be forming a joint stock company in San Francisco and selling shares in a mining company to work at Redwood City.

The prevalent opinion in this town is that there has been no discovery made as yet that will justify any large operations. If this opinion is not well-founded Messrs. Miller, Rowley & Co., are able to show the fact. If they have discoved a bonanza, even if it be of moderate pretensions, and they need capital to fully develope it, publicity can in no wise injure them. If they mean business let them come out openly and tell the public what they have found, and if it amounts to anything they will not have to wait long for capital. Secret operations, however, invite suspicion and create doubts. Such operations may succeed in enlisting here and there an over confiding capitalist; but in the end will bring reproach upon our town and greatly injure us when we shall have some legitimate enterprise in which we shall desire to interest monied men.

ANOTHER week of the special legislative session—the twenty-sixth day of its duration—has passed and absolutely all that has been accomplished is the passage of a bill appropriating money for the pay of members. The record is a disgrace to the State, and a most ruinous reproach to the Republican party which must shoulder all the responsibility. This session is costing the tax-payers of the State in the neighborhood of eighteen-hundred dollars a day. It is a great deal of money to throw away in these hard times. It is an expenditure which those responsible for it must account for to the people at the next general election. The only excuse that can be made for it is that a lot of stubborn idiots managed to be elected members of this Legislature. But such an excuse will by no means satisfy the people or justify the great political party which elected the majority of these stubborn idiots. No such a gathering has ever before in the history of the State been secured from any political party, and citizens and taxpayers will not be likely to trust again a party, which has thus demonstrated its remarkable fertility in the production of such material. The only regret now is that power is not lodged with the Governor, or some other high authority, to step in and end the costly farce by adjourning the session.

A FALSE GUIDE.

The course of our contemporary in regard to the municipal election of next Monday is inexplicable, except upon the theory that its editor has diliberately determined to do what he can to diceive and mislead the people. For that he must have a purpose. If his paper has any particular influence—is seen and read exclusively by any considerable number of people—the election should be a very light one, because he has persisted in the announcement that it is to be held on Tuesday, and has studiously abstained from any mention of the election fixed by the charter and ordered by the Town Trustees for next Monday. Thus two weeks ago that paper's only reference to the election was as follows:

"The Town election comes off a week from Tuesday"—

With some additional rubbish about candidates. In the issue of this week this language, which might have been a mistake and easily rectified, is persisted in through a long and dreary editorial, begining with these words:

"The charter election of this place, as doubtless all known, occures *next Tuesday*. The officers to be chosen are" etc.

There is no other orignal referance in the paper to the election; so that it is manifest again that this was no slip but a determined purpose to mislead citizens, by filling their minds with the idea that the election does not occur until the day after it is really to be held, and so, if possible, cause it to go by default. What Rowley's object in this is we, of course, do not undertake to say. But we call attention to it as a specimen of the sort of reformer and guide he is.

Meantime all citizens are reminded that the municipal election of Redwood City occurs *next Monday, the 2d day of May*. For particulars see the official announcement in this paper.

THE New York Assembly has passed a bill fixing the telegraph rates for fifteen words or less to any point in the State at twenty cents, and half this rate to newspapers.

Prosperity at Last.

Despite the grumbling that is yet heard in high quarters, it is evident that the prosperity of the State has much improved during the past two years, and that we are now started on an upward course that will carry us fairly through the next. Of this there is no better indication that the discontinuance of the Free Labor Bureau, which has closed for want of applicants. Not that there are not people out of employment, but none seem to need it who cannot wait 'till they find something that suits them, both as to price and quality of work.

This is an unmistakable indication that times are easy, and that new enterprises have absorbed the bulk of those who were seeking for employment. It is the nature of movements of this kind to go forward, and the constant development of new resources of industry will continue, until not only will there be no superfluous labor, but until there will be a lack of it. The want will have to be supplied from the outside, and this will induce a current of immigration, which will, in its turn, call for new products to supply their need and hands to manufacture these products; and so will continue, until the progress is interupted by one of those commercial crises, that seem to be a natural part of our modern economic system. We had one year in this State an immigration of 100,000 people; of course, many went away the same year, and our net increase was not quite so large. Most of them will settle down on farms and grow wheat, and plant vineyards. The cost of reaching California, will too diminish, when the new lines of road are finished.

Our wheat crop now promises to be fully as large as it was it 1880, and we are fully persuaded that we will obtain much better prices for it. Our wine crop will be larger; our fruit crop larger, and we will have more wool. We need not expect the mining prosperity of a few years since, but Arizona is steadily progressing, and in a few years we believe it will fully equal Nevada. Sonora, in Mexico, is also undergoing a great development in the same direction, the benefits of which will be liberally dispensed in San Francisco and the State.

All this, and more that we might urge, shows that we are on the threshold of good times, and that a period of steady growth, in population and wealth, is before us.—*Journal of Commerce.*

SUPERIOR COURT.

Hon. E. F. Head, Judge.

MONDAY, April 25.—In the matter of the examination of J. Doran, charged with insanity, the defendant was discharged.

WEDNESDAY, April 27.—King vs. King. Judgment for plaintiff.

Cary vs. Maloney. Cause dismissed.

IN PROBATE.

MONDAY, April 25.—Estate of Johnson. Adjudged that legal notice had been given to creditors.

Ponder on these Truths.

Topid kidneys, and constipated bowels, are the great causes of chronic diseases.

Kidney-Wort has cured thousands. Try it and you will add one more to their number.

Habitual costiveness afflicts millions of the American people. Kidney-Wort will cure it.

Kidney-Wort has cured kidney complaints of thirty years standing Try it. See adv.

THE FIRST BALL.

Citizens' Nominations for Municipal Officers.

The meeting of Citizens called for Wednesday evening at Germania Hall was held under some disadvantages, owing to the failure of those who called the meeting to engage the hall, which was consequently closed and dark. Throughout the evening knots of citizens gathered on the streets, waiting for the opening of the hall and wondering why it was not lighted. Impatience manifested itself and a good deal of unnecessary harsh talk was indulged by certain fellows who consider themselves leaders in local affairs. Many quiet and solid citizens went home, supposing there would be no meeting. Young Ford made strenuous efforts to induce the remaining crowd to go to his father's blacksmith shop and organize, but nobody seemed to favor that proposition. Finally about 9 o'clock Harry Grimmenstein found deputy Sheriff Barker and secured the use of the Superior Court room, and there the meeting was finally held, and was well attended by those who had not already sought their own homes; though had it been held at the place originally designated there would have been three times as many present and a much more general expression of popular sentiment. When the meeting was called to order H. N. Nutting was nominated for Chairman. Mr. Nutting was elected by acclamation, with E. F. Fitzpatrick for Secretary.

The Chairman briefly stated the object of the meeting and invited suggestions as to the mode of procedure.

D. W. Ford remarked that as the principal movers in the meeting were not present he suggested that the Convention proceed immediately to the election of candidates for the several offices, and made a motion to that effect.

John Poole was of the opinion that it would be advisable to select nominees immediately, as the time was short, and it would be more satisfactory to the people.

Henry Horton remarked that some of the representative men of the town were not present, and he was of the opinion that it would be better to adjourn until the next evening, when they probably would be present.

Frederick Wilson favored the nomination of candidates if the representative men of the town were not present.

George C. Ross said that Mr. Hilton had spoken to him in regard to calling the meeting, and that was all he had heard about it until he read the announcement. But he was of the opinion that if the convention should adjourn until tomorrow evening, there would be no job put up.

Edward Cashin did not think it was advisable to make nominations immediately. He was of the opinion that the better way was to nominate a committee of seven or nine to make nominations. He also thought that there would be another ticket in the field. He moved that a committee of seven be appointed to make nominations for the several offices. The motion was voted down.

On motion of D. Ford it was ordered that the Convention proceed immediately to nominate candidates for the different offices to be filled.

The Chairman suggested that a Committee be appointed to arrange a routine of business for the Convention.

On motion it was ordered that the nominations be made by ballot.

The Chairman appointed as tellers Messrs. Cashin and Ross.

On motion it was ordered that the Convention vote for two Trustees (on one ballot) for the long term, three years, and that the two receiving the highest number of votes be declared elected.

The following were placed in nomination: T. J. Smith, John Stafford, E. Cashin, A. Gordon, J. Curran and H. Horton. T. J. Smith received 30 votes; John Stafford, 25; E. Cashin, 11; J. Curran, 21; A. Gordon, 27; H. Horton, 7. Messrs. Smith and Gordon having received the highest number of votes were declared the choice of the Convention.

John Stafford was nominated by acclamation to fill the unexpired term of A. Davis, resigned.

For Town Marshal, Harry Grimmenstein and John Christ, were placed in nomination. The vote stood as follows: Grimmenstein, 42; Christ, 32. Harry Grimmenstein was declared the nominee.

For Town Clerk the following were placed in nomination: Jerome Turner, W. H. Nichols, J. W. Glennan and B. A. Rankin. The following is the vote: Turner, 14; Nichols, 12; Glennan 37; Rankin, 14. On motion of Mr. Fox the nomination of J. W. Glennan was made unanimous.

Louis Jacobson was nominated for Treasurer by acclamation.

The following were placed in nomination for Assessor: W. J. Tisdale, M. Walsh and J. Snow. The vote stood: Tisdale, 16; Walsh, 21; Snow, 16. Mr. Walsh was declared nominated.

The following were placed in nomination for Street Superintendent: W. Burch, John Eischenbacher, and P. Early. Mr. Burch was nominated by the following vote: Burch, 30; Eischenbacher, 10; Early, 10.

For Police Judge: R. C. Welch and W. J. Tisdale, were placed in nomination. R. C. Welch received 27 votes, against 15 for J. W. Tisdale, and was declared duly nominated.

The Chairman and Secretary were appointed a committee to procure ballots and see that they were properly printed.

The Following resolutions introduced by Geo. Fox were unaninously adopted.

Resolved, That we pledge ourselves to support the ticket nominated to-night.

The meeting then adjourned.

The Odd Fellows' Picnic.

The picnic of the Odd Fellows, at Turners' Park last Tuesday, in honor of the anniversary of the order, was pronounced to be the most successful affair of the kind ever given in this vicinity. The day was one of the finest of the season—just warm enough to attract people to cooling shades, without heat enough to enervate and prevent active sport and enjoyment. Besides the members of the order in regalia, who marched to the grounds in the forenoon, headed by a fine full band of music from San Jose, every available vehicle in town was pressed into service to convey citizens and visitors to the park. Carriages and wagons from all parts of the county, and from Mayfield and Mountain View brought numbers of strangers anxious to participate in the festivities. It was computed that at one time there was upwards of a thousand people gathered on the grounds, and all enjoying themselves, each in his or her own peculiar fashion.

The literary exercises were very brief, consisting of a few happy and will conceived remarks by George C. Ross Esq., eulogistic of the order and its benevolent purpose, with some suggestions of the good work it is actually doing towards the relief of human misery and distress. This finished, the lovers of the dance took possession of the pavilion floor and started the mazy exercise with great vigor. Others, particularly those from a distance, sought shady nooks and retired spots for the discussion of the contents of capacious and well filled lunch baskets.

Throughout the afternoon dancing was continued in the pavilion, whlie without a variety of athletic sports and exercises were inaugurated under the direction of a committee appointed for that purpose. Prizes were awarded to the successful competitors in foot races, jumping, wheel barrow racing etc. J. Cullen took the prize as the fasted 75 yards boy runner between the ages of 12 and 14 years. Addie Haskins took the prize for girls of the same age. T. Bradley won over eight competitors in the young men's race, and Annie Clifford in the young ladies' race. In the race for boys between 10 and 12 years of age Bertie Spaulding won the first prize and Matthew Semichy the second. Claudins Fox and George Murphy got away with the honors in a three legged race. J. Welch won the wheel-borrow race by a shave—of his shins. James Hilton, R. C. Welch, Wm. Lloyd, A. Fay, B. Coony and Wm. Ault contested the fat men's race at 80 yards. Cooney rolled through first and took the persimmons. Dick Hanley trundled a wheelbarrow at a mark, with his eyes blinded, and beat the crowd of competitors badly. Various other sports and humorous diversions occupied the time throughout the afternoon, so that there was no lack of interesting diversion, filling up a day which will be pleasantly remembered by all the multitude of participants.

TROUBLE AT FAIR OAKS.

Disagreeable Domestic Results of the Use of Bisulphide of Carbon as an Illuminator—A Hint for Professors Hilgard and Rowley.

[Recent public discussion of the merits of bi-sulfide of carbon as a squirrel exterminator has drawn from our valued correspondent, Mr. Sparrowgrass, Jr., of Fair Oaks, the following communication, in continuation of his experiences which formerly appeared in THE TIMES AND GAZETTE. We commend it to the attention of Professor Hilgard.—EDITOR TIMES AND GAZETTE.]

Editor Times and Gazette, SIR: The first instant was the anniversary of the birth of our youngest child, Maria, now three years old, and at the suggestion of Mrs. Sparrowgrass a few friends were invited to a little dinner in the baby's honor. As I started for the cars in the morning to go to the city, as usual, our hired man, Robert, informed me that the gassoline was all out and we would have no gas in the house until the tank could be sent up to San Francisco and returned. This was excessively provoking, considering the occasion, and I decided to send down ten gallons of gassoline in time by express. I took the opportunity while at the druggists to order fifty pounds of bi-sulphide of carbon, as our orchard was infested with squirrels and I had heard from a neighbor of the marvelous effects of that drug in exterminating them. The gassoline came down in the afternoon train, and Robert at once put it in the gas machine, as he informed me when I arrived, accompanied by our guests, on the next succeeding train.

The party was a family one, consisting of Grandma Mix, our cousin Mr. Trip and my brother-in-law Joshua. The afternoon was charming and the country never looked better. Our relatives were delighted. The children were smartly dressed, and although they had been slightly unwell, and Mrs. Sparrowgrass had administered a little Spring medicine that morning, we decided to let them all come to table and share the festivity. All went well at table for the first few minutes, but almost immediately after the gas was lighted, and our guests had complimented us on its superiority over the city article, I began to be aware of a singular sensation which I was unable to account for. It was a sort of consciousness of the presence of a dead rat; and it appeared as if its condition was momentarily growing worse. I looked up and soon succeeded in catching Mrs. Sparrowgrass' eye. She seemed to understand my look, and sent word to the cook to have the kindness not to leave his cauliflower uncovered as the odor penetrated into the dining room and Mr. Sparrowgrass did not like it. The foolish girl who waits on table—a little snip without either sense or good looks, whom Mrs. Sparrowgrass picked up at the ragged school in Berkeley—returned in a few moments saying that the cook said he had no cauliflower cooking, and it must be something else. By this time the effect had become so pronounced that disguise was no longer possible. Every one was coughing, and Grandma Mix, using the privilege of old age, freed her mind: "I wonder Jemima," said she, "to hear you talk of cauliflower. A woman of your age and the mother of three children ought to know better than to bring that young thing to table." All eyes turned on poor Maria, and the child's face of course became as red as a beet. She was immediately carried from the table, and Mrs. Sparrowgrass followed. I seized the opportunity to suggest a momentary suspension of dinner to ventilate the room, which was gladly acceded to. Shortly Mrs. Sparrowgrass came down stairs with a puzzled expression of face, and the windows being closed and gas relighted, we returned to table. In a very few minutes, however, the guests began to exchange conscious looks, and Grandma Mix but gave expression to the general conviction when she said, "Jemima, I fear we have made a mistake in the child and been unjust to Maria; it must be Freddy." There was no room for doubt. Freddy was whipped away from the table in a thrice, and Mrs. Sparrowgrass again excused herself, and again we took the opportunity of her absence to ventilate the apartment. This was getting rather vexatious; the dinner was about spoiled, and Grandma's temper—never the best in the world—becoming quite excited. On returning to the table for the third time we presented a dismal appearance enough. The two younger children's places void; the dinner cold; the guests hungry and irritated; all the blithness and good humor of the first part of the evening had disappeared. I tried to say something cheerful, but we had scarce been five minutes seated when we became aware that both our innocent children had been unjustly dealt with. We broke up the feast in most admired disorder and fled from the dining room to the library. But as soon as the gas was lighted there we had a renewed experience of dead rat, cauliflower and indiscreet baby! It persued us over the house, and we rushed out of doors in dispair. Robert was just coming round the house to go to his supper, and the thought occurred to me: "Robert, how many cans of gassoline did you put into the machine this afternoon?" "Three, sir. One of them I thought was a little stale, but I expected it was good enough."

The wretch had put the bi-sulfide of carbon into the gas machine!

I never tried the stuff on squirrels, but if I might be permitted to speculate on its effects, I should think it would either kill them or make them leave. Yours respectfully,

JOB. SPARROWGRASS, JR.

FAIR OAKS, April 31, 1881.

Labor Saving.

The demand of the people for an easier method of preparing Kidney-Wort has induced the proprietors, well-known wholesale druggists, Wells, Richardson & Co., of Burlington, Vt., to prepare it for sale in liquid form as well as in dry form. It saves all the labor of preparing, and as it is equally efficient it is preferred by many persons. Kidney-Wort always and everywhere proves itself a perfect remedy.—*Buffalo News.*

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

FOR SALE.

Cottage with 5 rooms, hard finished, centrally located, street macadamized; lot 100x100; picket fence; Town water. All for $500. Speak quick or you loose it. Apply to

R. C. WELCH.
Main St.

apr30-1t

NOTICE.

J. H. HENDRICKS IS HEREBY AUthorized to collect all bills due me, up to this date. M. J. LEWIS.

Dated, Redwood City, April 28, 1881. ap30-2t

SIMMONDS' NABOB

PURE KENTUCKY BOURBON

WHISKEY

IS ACKNOWLEDGED BY EMINENT SURgeons to be the PUREST and FINEST known, and invaluable to invalids.

SIMMONDS' KENTUCKY NABOB BOURbon Whiskey has been well known for many years, being unsurpassed for its excellent quality and delicate flavor.

WILL FRISBIE, Druggist, sole agent for Redwood City. Sold by the bottle and gallon. ap30-3m

Probate Notice.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT, IN AND for the County of San Mateo, State of California.

In the matter of the estate of Denis F. Dempsey, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that Thursday, the 26th day of May, A. D. 1881, at — o'clock A. M., of said day, and the Court Room of said Court, at the Court House, in Redwood City, County of San Mateo, State of California, have been appointed as the time and place for proving the Will of said Denis F. Dempsey, deceased, and for hearing the application of J. S. Alemany for the issuance to him of Letters Testamentary thereon.

Redwood City, County of San Mateo, 1881.

H. WALKER, Clerk.
By H. B. THOMPSON, Deputy Clerk.
Loughbrough & Newhall Atty's for petitioner. ap30 3t

Insolvency Notice.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE County of San Mateo, State of California.

In the matter of Henry Chester, An Insolvent Debtor.

Henry Chester having on the 24th day of March, 1881, been adjudicated an Insolvent Debtor in this Court on petition of His Creditors, and said Chester having on the 4th day of April, 1881, duly filed in this Court his schedules and inventory in insolvency as directed by the order of this Court.

It is now ordered, that the Sheriff of the County of San Mateo be, and he is hereby directed to take possession of all the estate, real and personal of the said Henry Chester, debtor, except such as may be exempt by law from execution and of all his deeds, vouchers, books of account and papers, and keep the same safely, until the appointment of an assignee of his estate. All persons are forbidden to pay any debts to the said Insolvent or to deliver any property belonging to him, or to any person, firm or corporation, or association for his use. The said debtor is hereby forbidden to transfer or deliver any property until the further order of this Court except as herein ordered.

It is farther ordered, That all the creditors of said debtor be and appear before the Hon. Edw. F. Head, Judge of the Superior Court, of the County of San Mateo, in open Court at the Court room of said Court, at Redwood City, in said County of San Mateo, on the 2d day of June A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M., to prove their debts and choose one or more assignees of the estate of said debtor. And it is further ordered that a copy of this order be published in THE TIMES AND GAZETTE, a weekly newspaper of general circulation, published in the County of San Mateo, as often as said paper is published before the said day set for the meeting of creditors. And it is further ordered, that in the mean time all proceedings against the said Insolvent be stayed.

Dated, April 28th, 1881.

EDW F. HEAD,
Judge of the Superior Court.

Fox & Ross Att'sfor Insolvent. ap30-5t

SUMMONS.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT, OF THE County of Alameda, State of California.

Henry C. Campbell, plaintiff, vs. Michael Cashman and Mary Ann Cashman his wife, defendants.

Action brought in the Superior Court of the County of Alameda, State of California, and the complaint filed in said County of Alameda, in the office of the Clerk of said Superior Court.

The People of the State of California send greeting to Michael Cashman and Mary Ann Cashman, his wife, defendants.

Your are hereby required to appear in an action brought against you by the above named plaintiff in the Superior Court, of the County of Alameda, State of California, and to answer the complaint filed therein, within ten days (exclusive of the day of service) after the service on you of this summons, if served within this County, otherwise, within thirty days, or judgment by default will be taken against you according to the prayer of said complaint.

The said action is brought to obtain a decree of this Court for the foreclosure of a certain mortgage described in said complaint, and executed by the said Michael Cashman, and Mary Ann Cashman, on the 24th day April A. D. 1879, to secure the payment of a certain promissory note of even date therewith made by said Michael Chashman and Mary Ann Cashman for the sum of twenty-five hundred dollars ($2,500), payable two years after date thereof to the order of Henry C. Campbell, with interest thereon at the rate of 5-6 of one (1) per cent per month payable quarterly on the last day of June, September, December, and March, principal and interest payable in gold coin of the U. S; in case interest should not be paid at maturity interest to be paid on same at the rate of 1 per cent per month, compounded monthly; in case interest should remain in default 10 days, then if holder of this note should elect the whole sum shall become due. No part of said principal has been paid. Interest on said sum has been paid to June 9, 1880; that the premises conveyed by said mortgage may be sold and the proceeds applied to the payment of said promissory note with interest thereon at the rate of 5 6 of one per cent per month from June 9, 1880 to Sept. 30, 1880, and at the rate of two per cent per month from said last named date, also $10 and ten per cent on the amount found due as Atty's fees, also costs of suit, and in case such proceeds be not sufficient to pay the same, then to obtain an execution against said defendants, Michael Cashman and Mary Ann Cashman, for the balance remaining due; and also that the said defendants and all persons claiming by, through or under them or either of them may be barred and foreclosed of all right, title, claim, lien, equity of redemption, and interest of, in and to said mortgaged premises, and for other and further relief, special reference being made to the complaint on file herein for further particulars.

And you are hereby notified, that if you fail to appear and answer the said complaint, as above required, the said plaintiff will apply to the Court for the relief demanded in said complaint.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Superior Court, of the County of Alameda, State of California, this 1st day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eighty.

[Seal.] ANDREW RYDER, Clerk.
By V. W. Gaskill, Deputy Clerk.
ap30-2m

MISCELLANEOUS.

Mrs. A. E. STETSON,

OF SAN FRANCISCO,

Will visit Redwood City weekly and give lessons in vocal music and voice culture should a sufficiently large class desire her services.

She makes oratorio music a specialty.

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GEO. W. FOX,] [GEO. C. ROSS
Notary Public.

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ATTORNEYS.

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Take pleasure in announcing one of their select Concerts, at

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Isidor Schnitzler,
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Assisted by the Distinguished Prima Donna,

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Of its character on this continent, and is in the front rank of similar organizations in the world.

Admission..............................$1 00

No extra charge for reserved seats, which can be procured at Will Frisbie's Pioneer Drug Store.

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ap23-2t

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Attorney-at-Law,

Office, Gunning's Building, Main Street.

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Capital Represented:

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Hartfort of Hartfort	1,250,000
Firemens' Fund of Cal	750,000
Fire Association of Philadelphia	560,000
Phoenix of London	5,250,000
Western of Toronto	1,350,000
British America	1,250,000
Commercial of Cal	200,000
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ap8-tf

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WANTED, AT DICK CUNNI ham's San Bruno,

200 DOZEN PIGEON

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MAY DAY BA

19th Anniversa

—OF THE—

Redwood City Fire Co., N

—TO BE GIVEN AT—

Germania Ha

—ON—

MONDAY, Evening May 2d,

COMMITTEE OF ARRANGEME
J. Christ, J. Turner, Stephen C. L
D. W. Ford.

RECEPTION COMMITTEE:
Peter Doyle, John H. Titus, J. Glennan, John Gosch, John Poole, Hadler, C. Jacobus, Geo. Barker, Lipp, F. Uhl, C. Gielow, C. Hynding Cashin, P. Hanson, J. C. Murray, Nichols, P. McCanna, J. F. Ford.

FLOOR COMMITTEE:
F. Bennett, J. C. Murray, T. Ba
F. Allen, Claus Diercks.

Music by Parkman's Ban
San Jose.

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SUPPER AT THE TREMONT HO
$1.00 PER COUPLE.

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FARMS FOR SALE; HOUSES Rent; Rents Collected; Money in sums to suit.

ap20-tf

POLL TAX NOTIC

COUNTY ASSESSOR'S OFFICE,
San Mateo County.
REDWOOD CITY, Mar. 7, 1881.

Section 3,889, amendments Code, approved March 22, 188 clares that "Every male inhab of this State, over 21 and und years of age, except paupers, and dians not taxed, must annually a poll-tax of two dollars; prov the same be paid between the Monday in March, and the Monday in July; but if not prior to the first Monday in J then it shall be three dollars."

Notice is hereby given to all sons, residents of this county, are required by the above law to said poll-tax, that the same is due, and payable at this office, o the Deputy Assessors in the f and demand is hereby made fo prompt payment. All persons in rears on the first Monday in J next, will be required to pay those paying before that time,

C. W. HARTSOUGH,
County Assessor
mar12-tf